

Mock - 03

Practice Set

- Select the correctly spelt word.
(a) Maneouvrable (b) Manoeuvrrable
(c) Manoeuvrable (d) Manouverable
 - Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.
Admonish
(a) Scream (b) Censure
(c) Explain (d) Commend
 - Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank in the given sentence.
While Indians have been cultivating the mango fruit for more than 4000 years, the Western world has _____ only for the last 400.
(a) Savoured (b) Sanctioned
(c) Insistence (d) Explore
 - Select the synonym of the given word.
Dawn
(a) Sunrise (b) Dusk
(c) Twilight (d) Gloom
- Directions (5-9):** In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given. Select the most appropriate option for each blank.
- From the beginning of the Dynastic Era (2950 B.C.), royal tombs were carved into rock and _____ (5) with flat-roofed rectangular structures known as "mastabas," which were precursors to the pyramids.
The oldest _____ (6) pyramid in Egypt was built around 2630 B.C. at Saqqara, for the third dynasty's King Djoser. Known as the Step Pyramid, it began as a traditional mastaba _____ (7) grew into something much more ambitious. As the story goes, the pyramid's architect was Imhotep, a priest and healer who some 1,400 years later would be deified as the patron saint of scribes and physicians.
Over the course of Djoser's nearly 20-year reign, pyramid builders _____ (8) six stepped layers of stone (as opposed to mud-brick, like most earlier tombs) that eventually reached a height of 204 feet (62 meters); it was the tallest building of its time. The Step Pyramid was surrounded by a complex of courtyards, temples and shrines _____ (9) Djoser could enjoy his afterlife.
- Select the most appropriate option for blank no. 5
(a) Admired (b) Decorates
(c) Covered (d) Influenced
 - Select the most appropriate option for blank no. 6
(a) Known (b) Preserved
(c) Discover (d) Miraculous
 - Select the most appropriate option for blank no. 7
(a) If (b) But
(c) And (d) When
 - Select the most appropriate option for blank no. 8
(a) Emphasize (b) Constructs
(c) Followed (d) Assembled
 - Select the most appropriate option for blank no. 9
(a) Which (b) When
(c) Where (d) whereas
 - Select the option that is the indirect form of the given sentence.
Arpit told me, "I was playing cricket".
(a) Arpit told me that he had been playing cricket.
(b) Arpit told me that he has been playing cricket.
(c) Arpit told me that he would be playing cricket.
(d) Arpit told me that he might be playing cricket.
 - Select the most appropriate meaning of the idiom.
A bed of roses
(a) To put something on hold
(b) A really good invention
(c) An easy and happy existence
(d) To improvise
 - Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.
Fragile
(a) Feeble (b) Robust
(c) Simple (d) Bitter
 - Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.
Study of human development.
(a) Philology (b) Theology
(c) Acoustics (d) Anthropology
 - Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.
Clandestine
(a) Open (b) Hidden
(c) Public (d) Visible



15. Identify the segment in the given sentence which contains the grammatical error.
Five weeks are not long enough to get in shape.
(a) Five weeks (b) No Error
(c) are not (d) long enough
16. Given below are four jumbled sentences. Select the option that gives their correct order.
A. India is a big tropical country and is famous for its diverse climatic features.
B. The elevated areas receive sustained snowfall during winters.
C. The Himalayas and the Thar Desert strongly influence the climate of the country.
D. It experiences a variety of climates ranging from tropical in the south to temperate and alpine in the Himalayan north.
(a) DABC (b) ADBC
(c) CABD (d) BDCA
17. Select the option that is the passive form of the given sentence.
Abhay will arrange the rack.
(a) The rack will be arranged by Abhay.
(b) The rack would be arranged by Abhay.
(c) The rack can be arranged by Abhay.
(d) The rack was arranged by Abhay.
18. Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.
A dentist who specializes in the treatment of the gums.
(a) Periodontist (b) Dermatologist
(c) Orthodontist (d) Ophthalmologist
19. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank in the given sentence.
Children are innocent souls _____ need the right guidance and role models in life.
(a) Which (b) Why
(c) Who (d) What
20. Select the most appropriate meaning of the idiom given in bold in the given sentence.
Employees are most likely to cut corners when they lack clear goals and feel overworked.
(a) To do something in a cheap and easy way
(b) To feel sick
(c) To be extremely happy
(d) To lose control in a situation
21. Select the INCORRECTLY spelt word.
(a) Precautions (b) Promiscuous
(c) Propinquity (d) Propensity
22. Identify the segment in the given sentence which contains the grammatical error.
News are important for a number of reasons within a society.
(a) News are (b) important for
(c) a number of reasons (d) No Error
23. Select the option that will improve the segment in bold of the given sentence. In case no improvement is needed, select 'No improvement.'
Egyptologists theorize that the workers used either rollers nor slippery clay to drag the blocks from the quarries to their eventual placement on the pyramid.
(a) And (b) No Improvement
(c) Also (d) Or
24. Select the option that will improve the segment in bold of the given sentence. In case no improvement is needed, select 'No improvement.'
Reserved forests are regarded as the most valuable as much as the conservation of forest and wildlife resources are concerned.
(a) As far as (b) No Improvement
(c) As long as (d) As many as
25. Given below are four jumbled sentences. Select the option that gives their correct order.
A. As food for this growing population, we will soon need more than a quarter of a billion tonnes of grain every year.
B. India is a very populous country.
C. Our population is more than one billion people, and it is still growing.
D. This can be done by farming on more land.
(a) CBAD (b) ADBC
(c) DABC (d) BCAD

Solutions

1. **(c):** The correct answer is option c.
The word 'Manoeuvrable' is spelt correctly.
Remaining words are spelt incorrectly.
2. **(d):** The correct answer is option d.
Admonish – to tell somebody firmly that you do not approve of something that he/she has done.
Synonyms – reprimand, rebuke, reprove, chide.
Antonyms – extol, praise, laud, commend.
3. **(a):** The correct answer is option a.
The word that can be in the blank is, 'Savoured'.
Savoured – to have experience of, taste (good food or drink) and enjoy it to the full.



Insistence - the fact or quality of insisting that something is the case or should be done.

4. **(a):** The correct answer is option a.
Dawn - The first appearance of light in the sky before sunrise.
Synonyms - dawning, day, daybreak, daylight, sunrise, sunup
Antonyms - nightfall, sundown, sunset
Option (a) portrays the same meaning as that of the given word & hence it is the correct choice.
5. **(c):** The correct answer is option c.
The word that can be filled in the blank is 'Covered'.
As per the context, the word 'Covered' fits in very well & hence, it is the correct choice.
6. **(a):** The correct answer is option a.
The word that can be filled in the blank is 'Known'.
As per the context, the word 'Known' fits in very well & hence, it is the correct choice.
7. **(b):** The correct answer is option b.
The word that can be filled in the blank is 'But'.
But- It is used for joining two ideas or statements when the second one is different from the first one, or seems surprising after the first one.
For example - We're making good progress, but we've still got a long way to go.
And - It is a coordinating conjunction. We use and to connect two words, phrases, clauses or prefixes together.
For example - Televisions and computers are dominating our daily life. (noun + noun)
If - It is used in conditional sentences to introduce the circumstances in which an event or situation might happen, might be happening, or might have happened.
For example - She gets very upset if I don't invite her.
When- We use when to mean '(at) the time that'.
We use since to refer to a particular time in the past until another time or until now:
For example - I had a great time when I went to the coast.
8. **(d):** The correct answer is option d.
The word that can be filled in the blank is 'Assembled'.
Assembled - to make something by joining separate parts

9. **(c):** The correct answer is option c.
The word that can be filled in the blank is 'Where'.
Where - It is used as a relative adverb (referring back to a noun and introducing a relative clause), introducing a clause that is subject, object, or complement of another clause
For example - I know a place where you can hide
10. **(a):** The correct answer is option a.
The given sentence is 'Direct Speech'.
Direct Speech - Reporting the message of the speaker in the exact words as spoken by him.
The given sentence is an 'Assertive sentence.'
While changing it into an indirect form, we consider following rules.
Conjunction - In the Assertive sentence conjunction 'That' is used.
Tense - 'Past Continuous (Subject +was/were+V1 +ing+ Object)' changes to 'Past perfect continuous (Subject +had been+V1 +ing+ Object).'
The sentence thus formed is - Arpit told me that he had been playing cricket.
11. **(c):** The correct answer is option c.
A bed of roses - It is an idiomatic expression which means, 'An easy and happy existence.'
Option (c) portrays the same meaning as that of the given idiom & hence it is the correct choice.
12. **(b):** The correct answer is option b.
Fragile - not strong or sturdy; delicate and vulnerable.
Synonyms - breakable, delicate, frail, frangible, feeble
Antonyms - infrangible, non-breakable, strong, sturdy, tough, unbreakable
13. **(d):** The correct answer is option d.
Anthropology - Study of human development.
Philology - Study of languages
Theology - Study of religion
Acoustics - Study of sound and sound waves
Option (d) portrays the same meaning as that of the given group of words & hence it is the correct choice.
14. **(b):** The correct answer is option b.
Clandestine - planned or done in secret, especially describing something that is not officially allowed.
Synonyms - secret, covert, furtive, concealed, hidden
Antonyms - open, above board, overt, public



Option (b) portrays the same meaning as that of the given word & hence it is the correct choice.

- 15. (c):** The correct answer is option c.
The error lies in part (c) of the sentence. Replace 'Are' with 'Is' to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.
Expressions of time, money and distance usually take a singular verb.
- 16. (b):** The correct answer is option b.
The proper arrangement is – ADBC
- 17. (a):** The correct answer is option a.
The given sentence is of 'Active voice'.
The sentence is said to be in active voice when 'Subject' is active & does something.
Now we have to convert it into passive voice.
Passive voice – If the sentence is in passive form, the subject remains inactive. It does nothing, but allows something to be done.
In the passive form, the object of the verb in Active voice becomes the subject of the verb in the Passive voice. 'By' is introduced as now the subject receives the action by the object.
The given sentence is in the 'Future simple tense'.
Structure in active voice - Subject + will+ v1+ object.
Structure in passive voice - Object + will + be +V3+ by + subject
The sentence thus formed is – The rack will be arranged by Abhay.
- 18. (a):** The correct answer is option a.
Periodontist - A dentist who specializes in the treatment of the gums
Dermatologist - The doctor who treats skin diseases
Orthodontist - A dentist who is qualified to treat irregularities in the teeth and jaws.
Ophthalmologist -The doctor who treats eye diseases
Option (a) portrays the same meaning as that of the given group of words & hence it is the correct choice.
- 19. (c):** The correct answer is option c.
The word that can be filled in the blank is 'Who'.
Who - We use 'Who' as a relative pronoun to introduce a relative clause about people.
For example - The police officer who came was a friend of my father's.
What - We can use what to ask for information about things and actions. It is also used as a pronoun to mean 'the thing(s) that'.

For example - What do you want?

For example - What we need to do is make a list of useful phone numbers.

Which - It is used to introduce a nonessential clause (also known as a non-restrictive or non-defining clause), which adds supplementary information.

For Example - The product claiming "All natural ingredients," which appeared in the Sunday newspaper, is on sale.

The product is already identified. Therefore, 'which' appeared in the Sunday newspaper is a nonessential clause containing additional, but not essential, information.

Why - Why is a wh-word. We use why to talk about reasons and explanations.

For Example - Why did he leave home when he was 16?

- 20. (a):** The correct answer is option a.
To cut corners – It is an idiomatic expression which means, "To do something in the easiest, cheapest, or fastest way."
Option (a) portrays the same meaning as that of the given idiom & hence, it is the correct choice.
- 21. (b):** The correct answer is option b.
The correct spelling is 'Promiscuous'.
Remaining words are spelt correctly.
- 22. (a):** The correct answer is option a.
The error lies in part (a) of the sentence. Replace 'Are' with 'Is' to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.
We use the uncountable noun news to mean information or reports about recent events. It takes a singular verb.
Words like Mathematics, physics, statics, news, ethics, linguistics, phonetics, politics, economics, statistics, measles, mumps, rickets, billiards, darts, droughts, innings, etc. seem plural but are in fact singular in meaning, and take singular verb forms.
- 23. (d):** The correct answer is option d.
Replace 'Nor' with 'Or' to make the sentence grammatically & contextually correct.
Either or – It is used in a sentence in the affirmative sense when referring to a choice between two possibilities
'Either' is followed by 'Or' whereas 'Neither' is followed by 'Nor.'
For example - You can either call me at home or at the office.



24. (a): The correct answer is option a.

Replace 'As much as' with 'As far as' to make the sentence grammatically & contextually correct.

As far as - It means 'To the degree or extent that.'

For example - The experiment poses no risk as far as we know.

As much as - It is used to say that two things are equal in amount or degree

For example - He likes hockey as much as he likes basketball.

As long as - It is used to refer to the intended duration of a plan or idea, most commonly

referring to the future. We always use the present simple to refer to the future after 'As long as.'

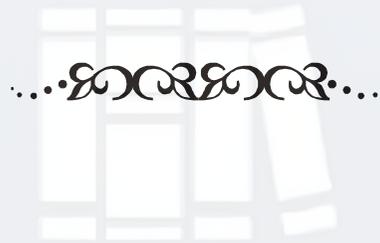
For example - We are very happy for you to stay at our house as long as you like.

As many as - It is used to suggest that a number or amount is surprisingly large

For example - As many as 60 students competed for the prize.

25. (d): The correct answer is option d.

The proper arrangement is- BCAD



CHASE
ACADEMY

