

Chapter - 3

Surds and Indices



Surds and Indices Formulas

$$(a + b)(a - b) = (a^2 - b^2)$$

$$(a + b)^2 = (a^2 + b^2 + 2ab)$$

$$(a - b)^2 = (a^2 + b^2 - 2ab)$$

$$(a + b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2(ab + bc + ca)$$

$$(a^3 + b^3) = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$(a^3 - b^3) = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

$$(a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc) = (a + b + c)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ac)$$

When $a + b + c = 0$, then $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$.

Surds and Indices Rules

Rule Name	Surds Rule	Indices Rule
Multiplication Rule	$a^n * b^n = (a*b)^n$	$a^n * a^m = a^{(m+n)}$
Division Rule	$a^n / b^n = (a/b)^n$	$a^m / a^n = a^{(m-n)}$
Power Rule	$(a^n)^m = (a)^{nm}$ $n\sqrt{a} = a^{(1/n)}$	$a^{(n^m)} = a^{nm}$ $a^{-n} = 1/(a^n)$

Foundation

Solutions

1. (c); $3^{x-1} (3 - 1) = 18$

$$3^{x-1} = 9 = 3^2$$

$$x - 1 = 2 \Rightarrow x = 3 \text{ so, } x^x = 27$$

2. (b); $a^{2x+2} = a^0$

$$2x + 2 = -2 \Rightarrow x = -1$$

3. (d); $12^{-4} = 1$



$$4. (a); 7^? = \frac{7^{8.9} \times (7^2)^{4.8}}{(7^3)^{1.7}} = \frac{7^{18.5}}{7^{5.1}} = 7^{13.4}$$

$$? = 13.4$$

$$5. (c); 2^{4 \times \frac{1}{2} \times ?} = 2^8$$

$$? = 4$$

$$6. (b); (16)^? = \frac{(16)^9 \times (16)^3}{(16)^4} = 16^{9+3-4} = 16^8$$

$$? = 8$$

$$7. (d); \frac{(42 \times 229)}{(9261)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{42 \times 229}{21} = 458$$

$$8. (d); \left(\frac{32}{100000}\right)^{\frac{2}{5}} = \left\{\left(\frac{2}{10}\right)^5\right\}^{\frac{2}{5}} = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$9. (d); \frac{\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})}{2} = 6 - \sqrt{35}$$

on comparison, $a = 6$ and $b = -1$
 $a - b = 6 - (-1) = 7$

$$10. (d); \sqrt[3]{P(P^2 + 3P + 3) + 1} = \sqrt[3]{P^3 + 3P^2 + 3P + 1}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{(P+1)^3} = P+1$$

$$P = 124, \quad P + 1 = 125$$

$$11. (d); \left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^{n-1} = \left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^{3-n}$$

$$n-1 = 3-n, \quad 2n = 4 \Rightarrow n = 2$$

$$12. (c); ? = 8 \div 2 + 24 = 28$$

$$13. (d); 3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{(3-\sqrt{3})}{(3+\sqrt{3})(3-\sqrt{3})} + \frac{(\sqrt{3}+3)}{(\sqrt{3}-3)(\sqrt{3}+3)} - 3$$

$$= 3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3-\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{3}-3}{6} - 3 = 3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - 3 = 0$$

$$14. (c); (16)^{\frac{5}{4}} = (2^4)^{\frac{5}{4}} = 32$$

$$15. (a); \left(\frac{243}{32}\right)^{\frac{3}{5}} = \left(\frac{3^5}{2^5}\right)^{\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{27}{8}$$

$$16. (c); (243)^{0.2} = (3^5)^{0.2} = 3$$

$$17. (c); 17^{3.5 + 7.3 - 4.2} = 17^x$$

$$x = 6.6$$

$$18. (c); 17^2 = 17^{\frac{x}{5}} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{5} = 2 \Rightarrow x = 10$$

$$19. (a); \left[\left\{\frac{1}{4}\right\}^{-2}\right]^{-1} = \left\{\frac{1}{16}\right\}^{-1} = 16^{-1} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$20. (a); 10^{200-196} = 10000$$

$$21. (c); \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{3a} = 0.008 = \frac{8}{1000} = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^3$$

$$3a = 3 \Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$(0.25)^a = 0.25$$

$$22. (b); \sqrt{(\sqrt{3})^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2} + 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{3})^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2} - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$23. (b); \frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^b}{x^a} + \frac{x^c}{x^a}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^a}{x^b} + \frac{x^c}{x^b}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^b}{x^c} + \frac{x^a}{x^c}}$$

$$= \frac{x^a}{x^a + x^b + x^c} + \frac{x^b}{x^a + x^b + x^c} + \frac{x^c}{x^a + x^b + x^c} = 1$$

$$24. (c); P^{b^2-c^2} \cdot P^{c^2-a^2} \cdot P^{a^2-b^2} = P^{b^2-c^2+c^2-a^2+a^2-b^2} = 1$$

$$25. (a); \sqrt{5 + \sqrt[3]{x}} = 3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x} = 9 - 5 \Rightarrow x = 4^3 = 64$$

$$26. (c); \left[\left\{x^{\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}}\right\}^{-\frac{5}{3}}\right]^5 = x^{\frac{-3}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{-5}{3} \times 5} = x$$

$$27. (c); 56 = 8 \times 7$$

$$\text{so, } \sqrt{56 + \sqrt{56 + \sqrt{56 + \dots}}} = 8$$

$$= 8 \div 2^2 = 2$$

$$28. (a); b = a^x$$

$$b^y = a^{xy}$$

$$b^{yz} = a^{xyz}$$

$$c^z = a$$

$$29. (d); 2^4 \times 2^{3(n+2)} = 2^m$$

$$2^m = 2^{(3n+10)}$$

$$3n + 10 = m$$

$$30. (a); x^2 + y^2 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{4+2\sqrt{3}}{4-2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{4-2\sqrt{3}}{4+2\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{(4+2\sqrt{3})^2 + (4-2\sqrt{3})^2}{(4-2\sqrt{3})(4+2\sqrt{3})}$$

$$= \frac{16+12+16\sqrt{3}+16+12-16\sqrt{3}}{16-12} = \frac{56}{4} = 14$$



Moderate

$$1. \quad (c); \text{ Expression} = \frac{16 \times 2^{n+1} - 4 \times 2^n}{16 \times 2^{n+2} - 2 \times 2^{n+2}}$$

$$= \frac{2^4 \times 2^{n+1} - 2^2 \times 2^n}{2^4 \times 2^{n+2} - 2 \times 2^{n+2}} = \frac{2^{n+5} - 2^{n+2}}{2^{n+6} - 2^{n+3}}$$

$$= \frac{2^{n+5} - 2^{n+2}}{2 \times 2^{n+5} - 2 \times 2^{n+2}} = \frac{2^{n+5} - 2^{n+2}}{2(2^{n+5} - 2^{n+2})} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2. \quad (c); \text{ Expression} = \frac{2^2 \div (2^2)^3 \times 2^{-2}}{4^2 \div (4^2)^3 \times 4^{-2}}$$

$$= \frac{2^{2 \times 2 \times 2} \div 2^{2 \times 3} \times 2^{-2}}{4^{2 \times 2 \times 2} \div 4^{2 \times 3} \times 4^{-2}}$$

$$= \frac{2^8 \div 2^6 \times 2^{-2}}{4^8 \div 4^6 \times 4^{-2}} = \frac{2^8 \times \frac{1}{2^6} \times \frac{1}{2^2}}{4^8 \times \frac{1}{4^6} \times \frac{1}{4^2}} = 1$$

3. (b); Expression

$$= \frac{(0.6)^0 - (0.1)^{-1}}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-1}} + \left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{-1}}{\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-1}} + \left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1 - 10}{\frac{8}{3} \times \frac{27}{8} + (-3)} + \left(\frac{27}{8}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{-9}{9 - 3} + \left[\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3\right]^{\frac{1}{3}} = -\frac{9}{6} + \frac{3}{2} = -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2} = 0$$

$$4. \quad (d); \frac{(81)^{4x} \times (27)^x \times 9^7}{(729)^{x+2}} = 3^9$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(3^4)^{4x} \times (3^3)^x \times (3^2)^7}{(3^6)^{x+2}} = 3^9$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3^{16x} \times 3^{3x} \times 3^{14}}{3^{6x+12}} = 3^9$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3^{16x+3x+14}}{3^{6x+12}} = 3^9 \Rightarrow 3^{19x+14-6x-12} = 3^9$$

$$3^{13x+2} = 3^9 \Rightarrow 13x + 2 = 9$$

$$13x = 9 - 2 = 7 \Rightarrow x = \frac{7}{13}$$

5. (c); The equations are

$$2^a + 3^b = 17 \text{ and } 2^a \times 2^2 - 3^b \times 3 = 5$$

$$\text{Let } x = 2^a \text{ and } y = 3^b$$

$$\text{then, } x + y = 17 \quad \dots (i)$$

$$\text{and } 4x - 3y = 5 \quad \dots (ii)$$

By equation (i) $\times 3$ + (ii),

$$3x + 3y = 51$$

$$4x - 3y = 5$$

$$\hline 7x = 56$$

From equation (i),

$$y = 17 - x = 17 - 8 = 9$$

$$\therefore x = 8 \text{ and } y = 9$$

$$\therefore x = 2^a = 8 \Rightarrow 2^a = 2^3 \Rightarrow a = 3$$

$$\text{and } y = 3^b = 9 \Rightarrow 3^b = 3^2 \Rightarrow b = 2$$

$$\therefore a = 3 \text{ and } b = 2$$

$$6. \quad (a); \text{ Expression} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}$$

[Rationalising the respective denominators]

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3})}{6 - 3} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2})}{6 - 2} + \frac{\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})}{3 - 2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}) + \sqrt{6}(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})$$

$$= \sqrt{12} - \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{18} + \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{18} - \sqrt{12} = 0$$

$$7. \quad (d); \text{ Let } x = \frac{2(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})}{3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\text{Squaring both sides, } x^2 = \left[\frac{2(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})}{3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} \right]^2$$

$$x^2 = \frac{4(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})^2}{(3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})^2} \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{4(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})^2}{9(2 + \sqrt{3})}$$

$$x^2 = \frac{4(2 + 6 + 2 \times \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{6})}{9(2 + \sqrt{3})}$$



$$x^2 = \frac{4(8+2\sqrt{12})}{9(2+\sqrt{3})} \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{4(8+2\sqrt{2^2 \times 3})}{9(2+\sqrt{3})}$$

$$x^2 = \frac{4(8+4\sqrt{3})}{9(2+\sqrt{3})} \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{16(2+\sqrt{3})}{9(2+\sqrt{3})} = \frac{16}{9}$$

$$x = \frac{4}{3}$$

8. (c); $x = \frac{\sqrt{5}-2}{\sqrt{5}+2}$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{5}-2)^2}{(\sqrt{5}+2)(\sqrt{5}-2)} = \frac{5+4-4\sqrt{5}}{5-4} = 9-4\sqrt{5}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{x} = 9+4\sqrt{5}, \quad x^4 + x^{-4} = x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$$

$$= \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^2 - 2 = \left[\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 - 2\right]^2 - 2$$

$$= \left[(9+4\sqrt{5}+9-4\sqrt{5})^2 - 2\right]^2 - 2$$

$$= [(18)^2 - 2]^2 - 2 = (322)^2 - 2 = 103682 \text{ (integer)}$$

9. (b); Expression = $\sqrt{\frac{19+8\sqrt{3}}{7-4\sqrt{3}}}$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{19+2 \times 4 \times \sqrt{3}}{7-2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt{\frac{16+3+2 \times 4 \times \sqrt{3}}{4+3-2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(4)^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2 + 2 \times 4 \times \sqrt{3}}{(2)^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2 - 2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt{\frac{(4+\sqrt{3})^2}{(2-\sqrt{3})^2}}$$

$$[\because (a \pm b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 \pm 2ab]$$

$$= \frac{4+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$$

Rationalising the denominator.

$$= \frac{(4+\sqrt{3})}{(2-\sqrt{3})} \times \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})}{(2+\sqrt{3})} = \frac{8+2\sqrt{3}+4\sqrt{3}+3}{4-3}$$

$$= 11+6\sqrt{3}$$

10. (c); First term = $(28+10\sqrt{3})^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$= (28+2 \times 5 \times \sqrt{3})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= (25+3+2 \times 5 \times \sqrt{3})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= [(5)^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2 + 2 \times 5 \times \sqrt{3}]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= [(5+\sqrt{3})^2]^{\frac{1}{2}} = 5+\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{Second term} = (7-4\sqrt{3})^{\frac{1}{2}} = (7-2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= (4+3-2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= [(2)^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2 - 2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3}]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= [(2-\sqrt{3})^2]^{\frac{1}{2}} = (2-\sqrt{3})^{2 \times \frac{-1}{2}}$$

$$= (2-\sqrt{3})^{-1} = \frac{1}{(2-\sqrt{3})}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times (2+\sqrt{3})}{(2-\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})} = \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})}{4-3} = 2+\sqrt{3}$$

\(\therefore\) Expression

$$= (5+\sqrt{3}) - (2+\sqrt{3}) = 5+\sqrt{3} - 2 - \sqrt{3} = 3$$

11. (c); Expression = $\sqrt{6-4\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{16-8\sqrt{3}}}$

$$= \sqrt{6-4\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{16-2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3} \times 2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{6-4\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{12+4-2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3} \times 2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{6-4\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{(2\sqrt{3})^2 + (2)^2 - 2 \times 2 \times \sqrt{3} \times 2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{6-4\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{(2\sqrt{3}-2)^2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{6-4\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}-2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3+1-2 \times \sqrt{3} \times 1}$$

$$= \sqrt{(\sqrt{3})^2 + (1)^2 - 2 \times \sqrt{3} \times 1}$$

$$= \sqrt{(\sqrt{3}-1)^2} = \sqrt{3}-1$$

12. (b); $x = \sqrt{\frac{5+2\sqrt{6}}{5-2\sqrt{6}}}$ Rationalising,

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{5+2\sqrt{6}}{5-2\sqrt{6}} \times \frac{5+2\sqrt{6}}{5+2\sqrt{6}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(5+2\sqrt{6})^2}{25-24}} = 5+2\sqrt{6}$$



$$\begin{aligned} &\therefore x^2(x - 10)^2 \\ &= (5 + 2\sqrt{6})^2 (5 + 2\sqrt{6} - 10)^2 \\ &= (5 + 2\sqrt{6})^2 (2\sqrt{6} - 5)^2 \\ &= (25 + 24 + 20\sqrt{6})(24 + 25 - 20\sqrt{6}) \\ &= (49 + 20\sqrt{6})(49 - 20\sqrt{6}) \\ &= (49)^2 - (20\sqrt{6})^2 = 2401 - 2400 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

13. (a); $\frac{\sqrt{4-\sqrt{7}}}{\sqrt{8+3\sqrt{7}}-2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{8-2\sqrt{7}}}{\sqrt{16+6\sqrt{7}}-4}$
 (Multiplying numerator and denominator by $\sqrt{2}$)

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\sqrt{(1)^2 + (\sqrt{7})^2 - 2 \times 1 \times \sqrt{7}}}{\sqrt{(3)^2 + (\sqrt{7})^2 + 2.3 \cdot \sqrt{7}} - 4} \\ &\{\therefore 8 = 1 + 7 = 1^2 + (\sqrt{7})^2 \text{ and } 16 = 9 + 7 = 3^2 + (\sqrt{7})^2\} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{(\sqrt{7}-1)^2}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{7}+3)^2} - 4} \quad \{\therefore a^2 + b^2 - 2ab = (a-b)^2\} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{7}-1}{\sqrt{7}+3-4} = \frac{\sqrt{7}-1}{\sqrt{7}-1} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

14. (d); Expression = $\frac{(625)^{6.25} \times (25)^{2.6}}{(625)^{6.75} \times (5)^{1.2}}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(5^4)^{6.25} \times (5^2)^{2.6}}{(5^4)^{6.75} \times (5)^{1.2}} = \frac{(5)^{4 \times 6.25} \times (5)^{2 \times 2.6}}{(5)^{4 \times 6.75} \times (5)^{1.2}} \\ &= \frac{(5)^{25} \times (5)^{5.2}}{(5)^{27} \times (5)^{1.2}} = \frac{(5)^{25+5.2}}{(5)^{27+1.2}} = \frac{(5)^{30.2}}{(5)^{28.2}} \\ &= (5)^{30.2-28.2} = (5)^2 = 25 \end{aligned}$$

15. (a); Expression = $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})}{(2-\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})} \\ &\quad \text{[Multiplying N}^r \text{ and D}^r \text{ by } (2+\sqrt{3})\text{]} \\ &= \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})^2}{(2)^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2} \quad \{\therefore (a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2\} \\ &= \frac{4+3+2 \times 2\sqrt{3}}{4-3} = 7+4\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

16. (b); Expression = $\frac{(0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} (9)^{\frac{1}{6}} (0.81)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{(0.9)^{\frac{2}{3}} (3)^{\frac{1}{2}} (243)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} (9)^{\frac{1}{6}} (0.81)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times (3)^{\frac{1}{2}} (243)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(0.9)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times (27)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \\ &= \frac{(0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} (3^2)^{\frac{1}{6}} (0.9)^{2 \times \frac{2}{3}} \times (3)^{\frac{1}{2}} (3^5)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(0.9)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times (3^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \times (0.9)^{\frac{4}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 3^{\frac{5}{4}}}{(0.9)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{3}{4}}} \\ &= (0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \times (0.9)^{\frac{4}{3}-\frac{2}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{5}{4}-\frac{3}{4}} \\ &= (0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \times (0.9)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{4+6+15-9}{12}} \\ &= (0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \times (0.3 \times 3)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{16}{12}} \\ &= (0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \times (0.3)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times (3)^{\frac{2}{3}} \times (3)^{\frac{4}{3}} \\ &= (0.3)^{\frac{1}{3}+\frac{2}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{2}{3}+\frac{4}{3}} = (0.3)^{\frac{1+2}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{2+4}{3}} = 0.3 \times 3^2 \\ &= 0.3 \times 9 = 2.7 \end{aligned}$$

17. (a); Expression = $\frac{2^n \times 2^4 - 2 \times 2^n}{2 \times 2^n \times 2^3} + \frac{1}{2^3}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{2^n(2^4 - 2)}{2^n(2 \times 2^3)} + \frac{1}{2^3} = \frac{16-2}{16} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

18. (b); $10^{0.48} = x$, $10^{0.7} = y$ and $x^z = y^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &\therefore (10^{0.48})^z = (10^{0.7})^2 \\ &\Rightarrow 10^{0.48z} = 10^{1.4} \Rightarrow 0.48z = 1.4 \\ &\Rightarrow z = \frac{1.4}{0.48} = \frac{140}{48} = \frac{35}{12} = 2\frac{11}{12} \end{aligned}$$

19. (a); Expression = $(27)^{-\frac{2}{3}} + \left[\left(2\frac{-2}{3}\right)^{-\frac{5}{3}}\right]^{\frac{9}{10}}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (3^3)^{-\frac{2}{3}} + \left(2\frac{2 \times -5}{3 \times 3}\right)^{-\frac{9}{10}} = 3^{3 \times \frac{2}{3}} + 2^{\frac{-2 \times -5 \times -9}{3 \times 3 \times 10}} \\ &= 3^{-2} + 2^{-1} = \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2+9}{18} = \frac{11}{18} \end{aligned}$$



$$20. (b); \text{ First term} = \sqrt{8+3\sqrt{7}} = \sqrt{\frac{(8+3\sqrt{7}) \times 2}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{16+6\sqrt{7}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{3^2 + (\sqrt{7})^2 + 2 \times 3 \times \sqrt{7}}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(3+\sqrt{7})^2}{2}} = \frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\text{Second term} = \sqrt{7+3\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{\frac{(7+3\sqrt{5}) \times 2}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{14+6\sqrt{5}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{3^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2 + 2 \times 3 \times \sqrt{5}}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(3+\sqrt{5})^2}{2}} = \frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Expression} = \frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{3+\sqrt{7}-3-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{10}}{2}$$

$$21. (b); \text{ First term} = \sqrt{38+5\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{\frac{(38+5\sqrt{3}) \times 2}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{76+10\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{75+1+2 \times 5\sqrt{3} \times 1}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(5\sqrt{3}+1)^2}{2}} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\text{Second term} = \sqrt{3-\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{\frac{(3-\sqrt{5}) \times 2}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{6-2\sqrt{5}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{(\sqrt{5})^2 + 1 - 2\sqrt{5}}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(\sqrt{5}-1)^2}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Expression} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{5\sqrt{3}+1+\sqrt{5}-1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{5\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{5\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{10}}{2}$$

$$22. (a); \text{ First term} = \sqrt{4-\sqrt{7}} = \sqrt{\frac{(4-\sqrt{7}) \times 2}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{8-2\sqrt{7}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{(\sqrt{7})^2 + 1 - 2\sqrt{7}}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(\sqrt{7}-1)^2}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\text{Second term} = \sqrt{8+3\sqrt{7}} = \sqrt{\frac{(8+3\sqrt{7}) \times 2}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{16+6\sqrt{7}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{3^2 + (\sqrt{7})^2 + 2 \times 3 \times \sqrt{7}}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(3+\sqrt{7})^2}{2}} = \frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Expression} = \frac{\sqrt{7}-1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{7}+2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{14}+2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{14}+\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{7}+1)$$

$$23. (b); \text{ Denominator of expression}$$

$$= \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{40} - \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{80}$$

$$= \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{2^2 \times 5} + \sqrt{2^2 \times 10} - \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2^4 \times 5}$$

$$= \sqrt{10} + 2\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{5} - 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$= (1+2)\sqrt{10} + (2-1-4)\sqrt{5}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{10} - 3\sqrt{5} = 3(\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{5})$$

$$\therefore \text{ Expression} = \frac{15}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{40} - \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{80}}$$

$$= \frac{15}{3(\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{5})} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5}}$$

$$= \frac{5(\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5})}{10 - 5} = \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5}$$

$$= 3.162 + 2.236 = 5.398$$

$$24. (b); \text{ Expression} = \frac{\left(2^{2n} - 3 \cdot \frac{2^{2n}}{2^2}\right) \left(3^n - \frac{2 \cdot 3^n}{3^2}\right)}{\frac{3^n}{3^4} (4^n \cdot 4^3 - 2^{2n})}$$

$$= \frac{3^n \cdot 2^{2n} \left(1 - \frac{3}{2^2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{2}{3^2}\right)}{3^n \cdot 2^{2n} \left(\frac{2^6 - 1}{3^4}\right)}$$



$$= \frac{\left(1 - \frac{3}{4}\right)\left(1 - \frac{2}{9}\right)}{\frac{64-1}{81}} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{7}{9}}{\frac{63}{81}} = \frac{7}{36} \times \frac{81}{63} = \frac{1}{4}$$

25. (b); Rationalising the denominator,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3}} &= \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2} \times 3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} \times 2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} \times 3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} \times 2\sqrt{3}}{(3\sqrt{2})^2 - (2\sqrt{3})^2} \\ &= \frac{3\sqrt{2} \times 2 + 2\sqrt{2} \times 3 + 3\sqrt{2} \times 3 + 2\sqrt{3} \times 3}{9 \times 2 - 4 \times 3} \\ &= \frac{3 \times 2 + 2\sqrt{6} + 3\sqrt{6} + 2 \times 3}{18 - 12} \\ &= \frac{12 + 5\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{12}{6} + \frac{5\sqrt{6}}{6} = 2 + \frac{5\sqrt{6}}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3}} = a - b\sqrt{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 + \frac{5\sqrt{6}}{6} = a - b\sqrt{6} \Rightarrow a = 2 \text{ and } b = \frac{-5}{6}$$

$$\therefore (a+b)^2 = \left(2 - \frac{5}{6}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{12-5}{6}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{7}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{49}{36}$$

26. (a); Rationalising the denominator,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{3}} - \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{15} + 3\sqrt{2}} \\ = \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{3}} - \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5}} - \\ \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{15} + 3\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{7\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{3})}{(\sqrt{10})^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5})}{(\sqrt{6})^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2} -$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{15})^2 - (3\sqrt{2})^2}$$

$$= \frac{7\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{3})}{10 - 3} - \frac{2\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5})}{6 - 5} -$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{2})}{15 - 9 \times 2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{3}) - 2\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5}) + \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{2}) \\ &= \sqrt{30} - 3 - 2\sqrt{30} + 2 \times 5 + \sqrt{30} - 3 \times 2 \\ &= -3 + 10 - 6 + \sqrt{30} - 2\sqrt{30} + \sqrt{30} \\ &= 1 + (1 - 2 + 1)\sqrt{30} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$27. (b); \frac{\sqrt{5} - 2}{\sqrt{5} + 2} - \frac{\sqrt{5} + 2}{\sqrt{5} - 2} = \frac{(\sqrt{5} - 2)^2 - (\sqrt{5} + 2)^2}{(\sqrt{5} + 2)(\sqrt{5} - 2)}$$

$$= \frac{[(\sqrt{5})^2 + 2^2 - 2 \times \sqrt{5} \times 2] - [(\sqrt{5})^2 + 2^2 + 2 \times \sqrt{5} \times 2]}{(\sqrt{5})^2 - (2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(5 + 4 - 4\sqrt{5}) - (5 + 4 + 4\sqrt{5})}{5 - 4}$$

$$= 9 - 4\sqrt{5} - 9 - 4\sqrt{5} = -8\sqrt{5}$$

28. (c); Rationalising the denominator,

$$\frac{1}{3 - \sqrt{8}} \times \frac{3 + \sqrt{8}}{3 + \sqrt{8}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{7}} \times \frac{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{6}}$$

$$\times \frac{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5} - 2} \times \frac{\sqrt{5} + 2}{\sqrt{5} + 2}$$

$$= \frac{3 + \sqrt{8}}{3^2 - (\sqrt{8})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{7}}{(\sqrt{8})^2 - (\sqrt{7})^2} + \frac{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6}}{(\sqrt{7})^2 - (\sqrt{6})^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}}{(\sqrt{6})^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2} + \frac{\sqrt{5} + 2}{(\sqrt{5})^2 - (2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{3 + \sqrt{8}}{9 - 8} - \frac{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{7}}{8 - 7} + \frac{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6}}{7 - 6} - \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}}{6 - 5} + \frac{\sqrt{5} + 2}{5 - 4}$$

$$= (3 + \sqrt{8}) - (\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{7}) + (\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6}) - (\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}) + (\sqrt{5} + 2)$$

$$= 3 + \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{7} + \sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} + 2 = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$29. (d); \text{Expression} = (9)^{-3} \times \frac{(16)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(6)^{-2}} \times \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{-\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$= (3^2)^{-3} \times \frac{(2^4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(2 \times 3)^{-2}} \times \left(\frac{1}{3^3}\right)^{-\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$= 3^{-6} \times \frac{2}{2^{-2} \times 3^{-2}} \times (3^3)^{\frac{4}{3}} \quad \left[\because \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{-n} = \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^n \right]$$

$$= 3^{-6} \times 2 \times 3^4 \times 2^2 \times 3^2 \quad \left[\because a^n = \frac{1}{a^{-n}} \right]$$

